The Give and Take – What are Sponsors Looking For

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- 1. Background on Newcourt Credit Group
- 2. Case study of Renoir's Portrait's with the National Gallery of Canada
- 3. Impact & Lessons learned

Background on Newcourt

- History
 - Spin off from Confederation Life in 1993
 - IPO in February 1994 raised \$70 million
- Size
 - Market capitalization of C\$1 billion in fall of 1996
 - By 1998 it had a market cap of C\$10 billion
 - Second largest commercial finance company in the world next to GE Capital
- Market focus limited consumer touch
 - Non-bank lending lend money but don't take deposits
 - Focus on commercial and corporate markets
 - Commercial finance
 - vendor financing mainly commercial (Dell, Lucent Technologies)
 - limited consumer vendor finance (Yamaha Motors)
 - Corporate finance
 - project finance, aircraft finance, public/private partnerships (Hwy 407/Hwy 104 in NS) and advisory services
 - July 1996 appointed as financial advisors to Canada's DND for acquisition of new Search and Rescue helicopters - \$600 million acquisition using off-balance sheet financing
- Ottawa focus
 - Financial services is highly regulated (OSFI/CDIC/Bank of Canada)
 - Parliamentary focus on financial services industry
 - H of C Finance Committee & Senate Banking Committee
 - access to capital for SME's
 - Bank Act revisions
 - Bank mergers
 - Unlike the US Non-bank lending was an enigma to Ottawa policy makers

Case Study: Renoir's Portrait's - Impressions of an Age

- Prior to Renoir NCT had done some limited event sponsorship
 - World cup free-style skiing in Mont Tramblant
 - Primary focus was client entertainment

- Newcourt did not have a direct consumer audience
 - Did not raise deposits
 - Did not provide direct consumer finance
- Negotiated in the summer of 1996 through Arts & Communications Counsellors
 - ACC's mandate was to search for sponsorship opportunities that met 2 criteria
 - Appeal to Newcourt's financial and business audiences
 - Geographic focus on Toronto, Chicago, Indianapolis (anyone here from Ind)
 - Ottawa was not on the list
- Sponsorship agreement announced in October, 1996
- The show did not start running until late June to September of the following year
 - Got in early to align our corporate marketing objectives with the Gallery's event marketing objectives
- Newcourt's Objectives
 - 1. Raise our profile and establish our credentials with Ottawa's policy elites
 - 2. Raise our profile and establish our credentials with the Canadian business and financial community
 - 3. Provide exclusive access to a first class "hot-ticket" event at which we could host our most important clients in style
- How was the deal structured
 - Exclusive corporate sponsor
 - Newcourt logo on all promotional material
 - Identified in all news releases
 - Signage at the entrance to the exhibit
 - Opening gala dinner
 - Negotiated the invitation list with NGC
 - One additional sponsored evening
 - Participation with the NGC on other profile events
- What did it cost?
 - Started at \$250,000
 - Paid \$275,000
 - \$75,000 of which was incremental advertising
 - Why did we do this?
 - NGC's advertising focus was on a different audience people who would attend the exhibit mainly tourists and local residents
 - Their advertising plan focussed on Ottawa/Hull, some parts of North East US
 - Newcourt's focus was on Canada's corporate finance and senior business community
 - Our advertising buy was directed to Globe & Mail, Financial Post & En Route Magazine

Impact & Lessons Learned

Benefits for the National Gallery

- First major sponsorship by the National Gallery
- Largest corporate contribution at the time
- Established an exhibition attendance record of 340,000 visitors which still stands to this day
- Largest amount of press coverage since the building opened
- Membership increased from 5,000 before the event to 14,000 after
- Research Resolution Study
 - \$33 million direct economic benefit to Ottawa/Hull
 - another \$66 million in indirect impact on the region
- Marketing Director Ursula Thibideau recognized by Ottawa Carlton Tourism Board as Tourism Person of the Year in 1997
- Greatest legacy was that it embedded a marketing discipline within the corporate culture of the National Gallery

Benefits for Newcourt

- Clients still talk about the event
- Supported Newcourt's subsequent growth and acquisitons
- Meeting next day with Governor Thiessen

Lessons Learned

- 1. Actively solicit the right partner
- direct or indirect
- don't be limited by geography
- NCT subsequently sponsored
 - ROM events (V&A Exhibition/Egypt Exhibit)
 - Strafford in New York
 - 2. Get in bed early
- time to plan together identify common interests and conflicts early
- things are going to screw up
- build a relationship that allow you to work through the rough spots (brochure printing)
 - 3. Understand and respect the objectives of your partner
- This is not philanthropy
- The art is important but we are not going to love it the way you do
 - 4. Let the marketing people collaborate and open your mind to the possibilities (Chicago Art Institute)
 - 5. Decide where promotion stops and art begins